## Topology

## B. Math. II

## Back-paper Examination

**Instructions:** All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. Let X and Y be spaces and  $A \subset X$  be a subspace. Let  $f : A \to Y$  be a continuous map. If Y is Hausdorff, then show that there exists at most one extension of f to the closure  $\overline{A}$ . Give an example to show that this statement is false if Y is not Hausdorff. Justify your answer.
- 2. Let  $\{X_{\alpha}\}$  be a collection of spaces and let  $A_{\alpha} \subset X_{\alpha}$ . If  $\prod X_{\alpha}$  is given product topology, prove that

$$\prod \bar{A_{\alpha}} = \overline{\prod A_{\alpha}}$$

- 3. Define connected space. Let  $f: S^1 \to \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous map, where  $S^1$  denotes the unit circle in plane with subspace topology. Show that there exists a point  $x \in S^1$  such that f(x) = f(-x).
- 4. Define path connected space. Prove that if U is an open connected subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , then U is path connected.
- 5. Let X and Y be topological spaces and  $\mathcal{A}$  be a collection of basic open sets in  $X \times Y$  such that no finite subcollection of  $\mathcal{A}$  covers  $X \times Y$ . If X is compact, show that there exists a point  $x \in X$  such that no finite subcollection of  $\mathcal{A}$  covers  $\{x\} \times Y$ .
- 6. State the *second countability axiom* for topological spaces. Prove that a metric space with a countable dense subset is second countable.

- 7. Define a regular topological space. Prove that if a space X is regular, then any two distinct points of X have open neighbourhoods whose closures are disjoint.
- 8. State Urysohn Lemma, Urysohn metrization theorem, Tietze's extension theorem and Tychonoff's theorem.